The Chautauqua System of Education.

Lewis Miller, President. John H. Vincent, Chancellor.

CHAUTAUQUA—1893

THE NEW AMPHITHEATER AT CHAUTAUQUA.

HALFWAY BETWEEN

NEW YORK AND CHICAGO

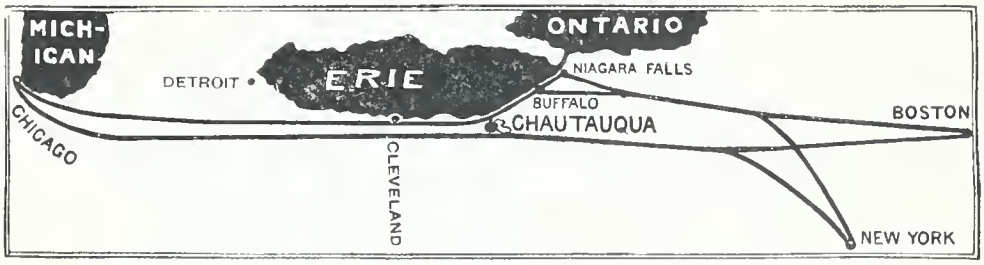
ON

TWO TRUNK LINES OF RAILWAY

Plans for Visiting Chautauqua and Chicago.

Railway Routes.

(See also page 6.)



From the East.

Stop-over Privileges.—Tickets to Chicago via the *New York Central*, *Erie*, and *West Shore* Railways will be good for stop-over at Chautauqua either going or returning.

From Boston.—Special rates from Boston via *The Fitchburgh* or *Boston & Albany Ry.* may be obtained on special application to the secretary of the Chautauqua Assembly.

From Niagara Falls.—Tourists who travel by Niagara Falls will have tickets good for stop-over at that point, and can thence make a side trip to Chautauqua at a low rate. *The Western New York and Pennsylvania Railway* takes passengers direct from Niagara to the Assembly grounds.

From the West.

Chicago to Chautauqua.—Chicago, in 1893, will be not only a center of attraction, but also a point of divergence. Thousands will go East to the seaboard. Tickets via the *Erie*, *The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern*, and the *Nickel Plate* Railways will be good for stop-over at Chautauqua. The usual special excursion rates to Chautauqua will also be in force.

From Chautauqua to Chicago.

Low Excursion Rates.—Arrangements will be made by which tourists can go to Chicago from Chautauqua at low fares. If possible special excursion trains will be run from Chautauqua to the Fair. The railways cannot promise cars for such trains at present. If special excursions are run at all there will be through cars from Chautauqua.

Niagara and Chautauqua.

Special One-Day Excursions.—Chautauqua is only three hours and a half from Niagara. Frequent through excursion trains make the trip in one day. Seven hours are spent at the Falls. The fare for the round trip is $1.50. This is a much more satisfactory way to see the Falls than to stop over on a long summer journey. Travel via Chautauqua and visit Niagara from that as a starting point.

Important Notice.

Write to the Assembly secretary for detailed information, railway rates, etc. Especially state whether you wish to join a special excursion to Chicago from Chautauqua, and if so, at about what date. W. A. DUNCAN, Secretary, Syracuse, N. Y.

Chautauqua in 1893.

Calendar.

Opening Day, June 28.
Classes Begin July 5.
Twentieth Assembly opens August 1.
Classes Close August 15.
Recognition Day, August 23.
Season Closes August 28.

Educational Department.

In view of the fact that next summer the Columbian Exposition will attract a large share of public attention and prevent many students from pursuing continuous study for four or six weeks, the Chautauqua schools will be so arranged as to offer complete courses extending over a fortnight. That is, the session of six weeks will be divided into three terms of two weeks each, and a student who enters any one of these courses will begin and end one subdivision of a subject. Instruction will be offered in the following departments:

Chautauqua College.

WILLIAM R. HARPER, Ph.D., Principal.

1. **English Language and Literature**—*Prof. W. D. McClintock and Mrs. P. L. McClintock*, University of Chicago.
2. **German Language and Literature**—*Prof. Starr W. Cutting*, University of Chicago.
3. **French Language and Literature**—*Prof. A. de Rougemont*, Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn, N. Y.
4. **Preparatory Latin**—*Prof. F. J. Miller*, University of Chicago.
5. **College Latin**—(If enough students apply before June 1 the department will be offered. If not it will be omitted for 1893 and resumed in 1894.)
6. **Preparatory Greek**—*Prof. W. E. Waters*, University of Cincinnati.
7. **College Greek**—(If enough students apply before June 1 the department will be offered. If not it will be omitted for 1893 and resumed in 1894.
8. **Physics and Chemistry**—*Dr. J. T. Edwards*, Jamestown, N. Y., and *Prof. L. H. Batchelder*, Hamline University.
9. **Geology and Mineralogy.**—(If enough students apply before June 1 the department will be offered. If not it will be omitted for 1893 and resumed in 1894.)
10. **Biology.** (This department will be offered in 1894 and laboratory work will be given a prominent place.)
11. **Mathematics**—*Prof. Wm. Hoover*, Ohio University.
12. **History**—*Prof. Hermann E. von Holst*, University of Chicago.
13. **Political Economy and Social Science**—*Dr. Richard T. Ely*, University of Wisconsin, *Prof. John R. Commons*, University of Indiana.

Department of Pedagogy.

[*The Teachers' Retreat*, as a regularly organized department, will be omitted in 1893. Pedagogical lectures by well-known educators will be substituted next summer, and in 1894 the department will be reorganized and greatly enlarged.]

Schools of Sacred Literature.

There is at present an unusual demand for systematic, thorough, and comprehensive study of Biblical Literature. Nowhere is this demand more satisfactorily met than at Chautauqua. Instruction will be given under the following subdivisions:

1. **Hebrew and Semitic Languages**—*Prof. W. R. Harper*, University of Chicago, *Prof. D. A. McClenahan*, Allegheny Theological Seminary.
2. **New Testament Greek**—*Prof. Chas. Horswell*, Northwestern University.
3. **Old Testament English Courses**—*Prof. W. R. Harper*, *Prof. S. Burnham*, Hamilton Theological Seminary, *Prof. D. A. McClenahan*, *Prof. L. W. Batten*, Protestant Episcopal Divinity School, Philadelphia.
4. **New Testament English Courses**—*Prof. J. S. Riggs*, Auburn Theological Seminary, *Prof. Chas. Horswell.*

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School of Music.

Dr. H. R. Palmer, of New York, is in charge of this school, which provides a thorough course in the theory and practice of music. The departments and instructors are as follows:

1. Voice Culture—*Mr. J. Harry Wheeler*, Chicago Conservatory of Music.
2. Harmony (three grades)—*H. R. Palmer, I. V. Flagler, L. S. Leason.*
3. Piano Recitals and Analysis of Music—*Wm. H. Sherwood*, Chicago Conservatory.
4. Singing Classes and Chorus Drill—*H. R. Palmer* and *L. S. Leason.*

School of Physical Education.

Dr. W. G. Anderson, of the Yale University Gymnasium, directs this school. The Gymnasium occupied by this department is a handsome, well-equipped building, beautifully situated on the very shores of the lake. On the first floor, besides lecture halls and dressing rooms, is a store room for fine racing barges, light row boats, etc. The second story is given up entirely to the gymnasium. The courses offered include:

1. Normal Classes. Well-selected courses for teachers and others.
2. Swedish System of Gymnastics, under the charge of a native teacher.
3. Delsarte's System of Symmetrical Development—*Mrs. C. E. Bishop.*
4. Classes for Boys, Girls, Men, and Women in gymnasium exercise.
5. Athletics, including boxing, fencing, tennis, baseball, rowing, and swimming.

Miscellaneous Classes.

1. Piano Lessons—*Wm. H. Sherwood*, The Chicago Conservatory, Chicago, Ill.
2. Organ Lessons—*I. V. Flagler*, Chautauqua organist, Auburn, New York.
3. Violin Lessons—*Bernard Listemann*, 22 Terrace Avenue, Jamaica Plain, Mass.
4. Voice Lessons—*J. Harry Wheeler*, Auditorium, Chicago, and *W. N. Ellis*, 177 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, New York.
5. Elocution and Oratory—*Prof. Thomas C. Trueblood*, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.
6. Delsarte's System—*Mrs. C. E. Bishop*, 204 Delaware Ave., N. E., Washington, D. C.
7. Drawing and Painting—
8. Industrial Drawing—*Miss Julia M. Patten*, Colorado Springs, Col.
9. China and Tapestry Painting—*Mrs. E. C. Deen*, 165 W. 23d Street, New York.
10. Wood Carving—*Miss Laura A. Fry*, 70 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
11. Kindergarten for children and teachers—*Miss F. E. Newton*, 553 67th St., Chicago.
12. Shorthand and Typewriting—*Prof. William D. Bridge*, Jamaica Plain, Mass.
13. Penmanship and Book-keeping—*Prof. C. R. Wells*, Syracuse, N. Y.
14. The Art of Letter-Writing—*Miss Frances Bennett Calloway*, Clinton, Conn.
15. Photography. *Dr. Charles Ehrmann*, 423 Broome Street, New York.

Conference on Work Among the Poor in Cities.

This important subject will be made the topic for a week's discussion. Mr. and Mrs. Barnett, of *Toynbee Hall*, London; Miss Jane Adams, of *Hull House*, Chicago; representatives from the *College Settlement* in Rivington Street, New York; *The Andover House*, Boston; *The University Settlement*, Chicago; *Free Kindergartens* in various cities; members of Charities, Organization Societies, and others interested in this valuable work will make addresses and take part in discussions.

Conference on University Extension.

The second annual conference on this particular form of popular education will occupy a week in 1893. Dr. Roberts, of London, will contribute the results of his wide experience, and many men engaged or interested in the work in this country will take part in the consideration of different phases of the system. Model courses of lectures will be delivered during the session of the conference.

The General Program.

Among the speakers already definitely engaged are:

Professor Henry Drummond, of Glasgow, the famous scientific student and writer on religious topics.

Dr. Edward Eggleston, of New York, writer of fiction and specialist in American history of the colonial period.

Rev. Frank Bristol, of Chicago, an able and eloquent speaker.

Rev. and Mrs. Samuel A. Barnett, of Toynbee Hall, the Universities' Settlement in East London, prominent in the new movement among the poor of great cities.

Dr. R. D. Roberts, Secretary of the London Society for the Extension of University Teaching, one of the leaders in Popular Education in England.

Prof. J. S. Riggs, of Auburn Theological Seminary, a leading Biblical scholar and eloquent preacher.

Rev. Russell H. Conwell, of Philadelphia, the widely known and powerful lecturer and preacher.

Dr. J. M. Buckley, Editor of *The Christian Advocate*, New York, a man of great versatility and ability as a speaker.

Bishop Alpheus Wilson, of the Southern Methodist Episcopal Church, an eloquent and effective speaker.

Mr. John Temple Graves, of Atlanta, Ga., a typical Southern orator, "the successor of Grady."

President William R. Harper, of the University of Chicago, the distinguished Biblical specialist.

Dr. William T. Harris, the United States Commissioner of Education, Washington, D. C.

Dr. Richard T. Ely, of the University of Wisconsin, a leader in the new school of Social Science.

Hon. J. T. Edwards, of Jamestown, N. Y., a popular lecturer on scientific subjects.

Dr. J. L. Hurlbut, of New York, who will give two charming illustrated travel talks.

Mr. H. H. Ragan, of New York, a most artistic and delightful lecturer with stereopticon illustrations.

Mr. Roberts Harper, of London, whose experiences of travel are reproduced with the aid of magnificent views.

Mr. Percy M. Reese, of Baltimore, a special student of Rome, ancient and medieval (illustrated lectures).

Mrs. Josephine R. Nichols, of Indianapolis, who will describe with the aid of a lantern Paris and the Exposition of 1889.

Mrs. Nella Brown-Pond, of Boston, the well-known dramatic reader.

Mr. Charles F. Underhill, of New York, a monologist of unusual ability.

Mrs. Jessie Eldridge Southwick, of Boston, an artistic and effective reader.

Music.

Dr. H. R. Palmer, of New York, will continue in charge of the department of music. He will be assisted by **Mr. L. S. Leason,** of New York.

Mr. William H. Sherwood, of the Chicago Conservatory,—the distinguished pianist will again delight Chautauqua audiences in 1893.

Mr. Bernard Listemann, of Boston, the eminent violinist, will play and teach during five weeks.

Mr. I. V. Flagler, of Auburn, N. Y., the skillful organist will retain the position in which he has well-nigh become indispensable.

The Schubert Male Quartet, of Chicago, one of the best known musical organizations in the country, will be present from August 1 to 23.

Rogers' Band and Orchestra, a company of first-class musicians carefully drilled, will be in constant service from July 10 to August 26.

Soloists and Quartets will be engaged to supplement the artists already enumerated, with the result of producing the finest musical program ever offered at Chautauqua. The chorus gallery in the new amphitheater will be the best in the country.

Chautauqua.

Location and Character of the Town.—Chautauqua is built upon heavily wooded natural terraces, which slope gently to the shore of Chautauqua Lake, a lovely sheet of water twenty miles long. Lake Erie is only ten miles away, but it lies seven hundred feet below. The beautifully undulating country in the vicinity offers many attractive drives. The air is cool and invigorating. Hot, oppressive nights are almost unknown. The streets and avenues of this sylvan town wind gracefully in and out among the trees, or stretch like leafy tunnels through the forest. More than five hundred wooden villas or chalets are scattered in orderly arrangement through the groves, about the parks, and by the lakeside. A large hotel, a score or more public buildings, assembly halls, lecture rooms, clubhouses, a museum, and a gymnasium are conveniently placed through the grounds. Markets and shops of all kinds supply the needs of the citizens, and a daily paper reports the life of the place.

The most striking of the buildings is the amphitheater, a vast hillside auditorium seating from five to six thousand people. It contains a large organ and a chorus gallery for five hundred singers. The pier-house, the main entrance to Chautauqua, has in its tower a fine chime of nine bells.

Sanitary System.—The town of Chautauqua has a remarkable health record. Sickness of all kinds is extremely rare, and disease attributable to local causes is virtually unknown. Yet to make perfectly sure of the best sanitary conditions, a complete system of sewers four and one half miles long has been put in place. The sewage is carried to a point in the meadows below the town and is there treated chemically by a plan in successful operation in many towns and cities in this country and England.

Clubs at Chautauqua.—The women meet daily in *The Woman's Club* for the discussion of topics which interest them. *The Girls' Club* serves a similar purpose for young women between the ages of twelve and eighteen. *The Boys' Congress*, modeled after the legislative body of the United States, affords practice in parliamentary debate and modes of procedure. *The Boys' and Girls' Class* meets daily during the first fortnight in August for the study of Bible geography and history. *The Sunday School Normal Class* for the training of Sunday-school teachers, both in Biblical knowledge and in pedagogical principles. There are also student organizations known as *The French* and *The German Clubs*.

Religious Tone.—Chautauqua is distinctively a religious place in the broadest sense of the word, which ought to embrace the highest physical, mental, and spiritual development of man. Chautauqua is not under the control of any one religious body. It is thoroughly non-sectarian, and members of all churches meet there on a common level of mutual respect and esteem. Religious differences are not emphasized by public discussions but are for the most part ignored. Every Sunday the sermon is preached by a man well known in his own church, and thus in a single summer a half dozen different denominations are represented. Several churches have clubhouses for social purposes, but with occasional exceptions, all unite in common services.

Recreation.—Ample means of recreation are provided. A dozen tennis courts are filled from morning till night, baseball matches are of frequent occurrence, six-oared crews are in constant training. A well-equipped gymnasium in a grove at the margin of the lake offers varied physical exercise under the direction of competent instructors. A bicycle school gives lessons in riding and rents "wheels" for use on the well-kept roads of Chautauqua county. Horses for riding and carriages for pleasure driving may be hired at reasonable prices. Excursions to Lake Erie, the tour of upper Chautauqua Lake, and a trip to "Panama Rocks," a most interesting and romantic spot, are among the many pleasant possibilities of Chautauqua life. Frequent low-rate excursions to Jamestown by the lake steamers afford every opportunity to enjoy this beautiful stretch of water. In the twilight while the band plays, scores of boats glide to and fro. The bathing beach is safe and constantly under the eye of a watchful bathing master. Every evening the great amphitheater is filled with citizens listening to music or dramatic readings, watching stereopticon views thrown upon the screen, admiring beautiful tableaux, or eagerly awaiting the result of a spelling or pronunciation match.

Railway Routes.

Mayville, *3 miles from* **Chautauqua.** *Hotels: Chautauqua, Thompson House.*

Jamestown, *16 miles. 1 hour and 30 minutes by boat. Hotel: Sherman House.*

Lakewood, *12 miles. 1 hour by boat. Hotels: Kent and Sterlingworth.*

The Chautauqua Lake R. R. runs between Chautauqua, Mayville and Jamestown.

New York—1. New York, Lake Erie & Western R. R. to Jamestown and Chautauqua. 2. New York, West Shore & Buffalo R. R. to Buffalo and Niagara Falls. (See Buffalo.) 3. New York Central & Hudson River R. R. to Buffalo. 4. Delaware & Lackawanna R. R. to Buffalo. 5. Lehigh Valley R. R. to Buffalo. (See Buffalo.)

Boston—1. Fitchburg & Hoosac Tunnel Route, via Albany, Binghamton, and the Erie Railway to Jamestown or Lakewood. 2. F. & H. T. R. R. and New York, West Shore & Buffalo Route to Buffalo and Niagara Falls; thence by W. N. Y. & P. R. R. direct to Chautauqua. 3. Boston & Albany R. R., via New York Central to Buffalo, Brocton, and Chautauqua. 4. Fall River and Providence Steamers to New York. (See New York.) **Note.**—*A special Boston and New England rate may be secured by applying to the Secretary, W. A. Duncan, Syracuse, N. Y.*

Philadelphia—1. Pennsylvania or Bound Brook Route to New York. (See New York.) 2. Pennsylvania R. R. to Pittsburg. (See Pittsburg.) 3. Phila. & Erie R. R. to Corry, and W. N. Y. & P. R. R. to Mayville.

Chicago—1. Chicago & Erie R. R. via Marion, and the N. Y., P. & O. R. R. to Lakewood and Jamestown. 2. Lake Shore R. R. to Brocton and Chautauqua. 3. Chicago and Grand Trunk to Detroit and Niagara Falls. 4. Michigan Central to Detroit, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Brocton, and Chautauqua. 5. P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. via Mansfield and N. Y., P. & O. R. R., N. Y. C. & St. L. (Nickel Plate).

Buffalo—1. Western New York & Pennsylvania R. R. 2. Lake Shore R. R., to Brocton. 3. Erie to Jamestown.

Cleveland—1. Lake Shore, Nickel Plate, or N. Y., P. & O. R. R.

Cincinnati—1. New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio R. R. via Lakewood and Jamestown. 2. Lake Shore & Michigan Southern R. R., via C. C. C. & I. R. R. 3. Mt. Vernon, Pan Handle Route and N. Y., P. & O.

Rochester—1. Buffalo, Rochester, & Pittsburg Railway, via Salamanca and Jamestown. 2. W., N. Y. & P. R. R to Olean, via N. Y. P. & O. to Lakewood. 3. From Rochester, Syracuse, Utica and Albany, via New York Central & Hudson River R. R. 4. New York, West Shore & Buffalo R. R. to Buffalo.

Pittsburg—1. Allegheny Valley R. R. to Oil City; thence via Western New York & Pennsylvania R. R. to Chautauqua, via Mayville. 2. Pittsburg & Western R. R. to New Castle. 3. Pittsburg & Lake Erie R. R. to New Castle; thence via Western New York & Penn. R. R. to Mayville. 4. Pittsburg & Lake Erie R. R. to Youngstown; thence via Lake Shore & Michigan Southern R. R., via Brocton to Chautauqua; from Youngstown, via N. Y., P. & O. R. R. to Lakewood, Jamestown and Chautauqua.

Columbus and Indianapolis—1. Mt. Vernon & Pan Handle Route and N. Y., P. & O. 2. C. C. C. & I. and Lake Shore. 3. C. C. C. & I. and N. Y. C. & St. L.

Niagara Excursions are run frequently during the season. Trip made in one day. Through trains. Low fares.

SPECIAL EXCURSION TICKETS AT LOW RATES BY ALL LINES.

Hotel, Cottages, and Rooms.

The Hotel Athenæum was built to meet a demand for a hotel of the first grade. Architecturally it leaves nothing to be desired. The halls are broad and straight, and from the nature of the site—which is a hillside—no floor is more than one flight from the ground. There are broad verandas which command views of lawns, flowers, fountains near at hand, and in the distance the lake with its beautiful shores. The *cuisine* is excellent, as none but the most experienced cooks are employed. The house is equipped with elevator, gas, electric bells, baths, telegraph office and all the other features of a first-class establishment.

The Athenæum *is run on both the American and European plans.* **Rooms** *may be rented, without table board, from* **$1 per day upward. Table board,** *without room,* **$10.50 per week.** Visitors who dislike the idea of living in the woods need feel no hesitation about engaging rooms at *The Athenæum*, and as the best apartments are engaged a long time in advance, it would be well to write early to the secretary. Special arrangements made for the season and with families.

There are numerous cottages at Chautauqua where board may be obtained at reasonable rates. The following are approximate estimates: July 1 to 31, board and lodging, $5 to $8 per week. August 1 to 24, $6 to $12 per week.

Rooms may be rented in cottages for the season at from $3 to $6 per week, and table board found elsewhere. **A small room or tent may be rented,** and the visitor board himself at a low rate. There are stores, a bakery, a meat market, etc.

The Citizen Tax.

Every person over twelve is subject to taxation. All payments are made at the gates. No collections are permitted. Every citizen has free access to all exercises except class instruction. The rates are:

	JULY.	AUGUST.
One day,	$ .25	$ .40
One week,	1.00	2.00
One month,	2.50	3.00
The season,	$5.00	

Tuition Fees.

One College Department (1 week)	$2.00	Two or more Departments (6 weeks),	$10.00
One College Department (2 weeks)	4.00	Schools of Music and Physical Cul-	
One College Department (6 weeks)	5.00	ture and Bible Schools,	Special Tariff

For railway rates, boarding places, detailed programs, etc., address

W. A. DUNCAN, Secretary, Syracuse, N. Y.

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